

Time: 1 Hour

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Total: 100 marks

Section (B)	Comprehension	(30)
Q. 1	<p>Read the passage given below:</p> <p>Coconuts are the fruit of a palm tree. In Sanskrit, the coconut palm is named 'kalpa vriksha', which translates as 'the tree which provides all the necessities of life' because of the endless list of products derived from its various parts. The scientific name of the tree is Cocos Nucifera.. The word 'cocos' comes from Spanish, meaning 'monkey-faced', as one side of the hairy coconut resembles the head and face of a monkey, with the three dents in it placed like two eyes and a mouth. The coconut palm thrives on sandy soil and salty water and prefers areas with abundant sunlight and regular rainfall.</p> <p>The white, fleshy part of the seed is edible and is used fresh or dried in cooking. The cavity in the fresh coconut is filled with coconut water, which contains sugar, fiber, proteins, vitamins and minerals, so it is a nutritional food source and is used as a refreshing drink in hot and humid places.</p> <p>Coconut milk is made from grated coconut pulp which is mixed with hot water and squeezed to extract the oils and flavours. It is also used in cooking.</p> <p>The dried up flesh of the seed is called 'copra'. It is a source of coconut oil and is also used in candies, cakes and cookies. The major use of coconut oil is in soaps, shampoo, margarine, butter and cooking.</p> <p>The hard coconut shell is used to make a whole range of accessories including necklaces, buttons, lampshades, placemats, coffeepots, cups, ladles, etc. The hairy fibre of the husk of the coconut is called 'coir'. It is used for weaving ropes, sacks, mats and even clothing. The husk is a good source of fuel as well.</p> <p>The leaves of the coconut palm are marvellously adapted to make good quality paper pulp, brooms, hats, baskets, fans and water-proof roofing material. The trunk is used for making beams for the roofs of houses, benches, tables, frames, carvings, paper-pulp and all sorts of construction material. The roots are used for dyeing cloth and the chemicals in the roots make a good mouth-wash and even medicine.</p>	

Now answer the following questions in your own words:

- (a) **Food** is a necessity of life. Which four other **necessities of life** does the coconut tree fulfil for us? (Hint: Do not name the products we can make from the coconut tree). (2)

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- (b) How do we come to know from the passage that coconut trees are most likely to be found along the coasts of warm countries? (2)

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- (c) All the parts of a coconut tree are useful. From your understanding of the passage, which part do you think is of the **least** important use to people? Give reasons for your answer. (2)

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(d) If you found yourself ship-wrecked alone on an island which had a few coconut trees on it, name six things you would be able to do to live there for a few days before you were rescued. (6)

- i. I would
- ii.
- iii.
- iv.
- v.
- vi.

(e) Find words from the passage which mean the same as the following: (6)

- i. Plentiful
- ii. Fit to be eaten
- iii. Shredded
- iv. Grows well
- v. Hot and moist
- vi. Hollow space

(f) Make two sentences to bring out the difference between the words 'dying' and 'dyeing'. (2)

(a)

(b)

(g) Make two sentences to bring out the difference in meaning between the words 'great' and 'grate'. (2)

(a)

(b)

(h) Give three different meanings of the word "trunk" (3)

(a)

(b)

(c)

(i) We have read that the coconut is USEFUL. We have also read what it is USED FOR, or USED IN. Now make sentences with the following phrases: (3)

(a) 'used to' :

(b) 'used up' :

(c) 'in use' :

(j) Is there any part of the coconut which can be used for making a funny toy for a child? (2)

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Section C		Grammar and vocabulary	(40)
Q.1	Put commas in the correct places in the following sentence: Tina who was born on February 29 thinks that her date of birth is silly unfair and annoying as her birthday comes after every four years making her wonder how old she should call herself.	(2)	
Q.2	Fill in the blanks below choosing the appropriate word from the ones given below: (After), (before), (until), (while), (because), (as), (if), (though), (meanwhile), (unless), (although), (when) Tina is always full of new ideas one idea does not work, she simply thinks of another. some of her ideas get her into trouble, she does not give up. She got one such idea she was having a shower one day. Thinking that she would give Fluffy a bath in the bathtub, Tina plugged the drain and went off to find Fluffy the water was running. Fluffy had run off, she took a long time to find him and catch hold of him. , the water flowed over the edge of the tub, she had forgotten all about it. Her mother said she would not speak to her she had mopped up the mess she had made.	(4)	
Q.3	Fill in the blanks with the correct option from the words given in brackets: (a) My hair too long. I need a haircut. (are / is) (b) Your advice valuable. Thank you! (was /were) (c) The whole class making a noise when the teacher came in. (was/ were) (d) I have wanted this camera a long time. (since/from/for)	(4)	

Q.4	<p>Fill in the blanks below using the correct forms of the word "take". (4)</p> <p>Yesterday my mother me to meet my grandmother. When we reached her house, we found that she her afternoon nap. My uncle asked us to speak softly and, my mother's heavy bag from her hand, he quietly led us to a big tree which stood in one corner of the garden. A little owl up a small hollow in the trunk of the tree to make a nest. After a picture of the little bird with my new camera to show my friends in school, I went to check on my grandmother who had woken up. "Have you off your school uniform and washed your hands?" she asked me. "No," I said, " I it off after I have given you a big hug". " care not to break my spectacles!" said my grandmother.</p>	
Q.5	<p>Fill in the blanks using '<u>a, an, the, some, or any</u>' where necessary. (4)</p> <p>(a) I bet lady in red dress is teacher.</p> <p>(b) She wants to be a great singer but she hasn't atom of talent.</p> <p>(c) 'I think there is juice lying in the carton.' 'I'm afraid there isn't'</p> <p>(d) I don't have real friends. Jenny is only person I trust.</p>	

Q.6	<p>Change the following into Reported Speech. (10)</p> <p>(a) "Do stop making such a noise, Ben," begged Mum.</p> <p>.....</p> <p>(b) "Get up and put the blue plates in the sink, Gita," said Dad sternly.</p> <p>.....</p> <p>(c) "Do you want salt or sugar in your lemonade?" Robin asked me.</p> <p>.....</p> <p>(d) "You gave us a fright last night, Punit," said his brother.</p> <p>.....</p> <p>(e) "What a beautiful movie!" said the little girl.</p> <p>.....</p>	
Q.7	<p>Rewrite the following words as NOUNS, using the suffix '-ance' or '-ence' (2)</p> <p>(a) perform :</p> <p>(b) disturb :</p> <p>(c) refer :</p> <p>(d) attend :</p>	

Q.8	<p>Simran and Amaya are deciding where to go on holiday: Brazil, Thailand or The United States. Complete their conversation with the correct SUPERLATIVE form of the word in the brackets. The first one has been done for you as an example.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(6)</p> <p>Simran: 'Well, I think (good) the best place to go to is Thailand. It is certainly (cheap) country and it has (beautiful) beaches. The weather is wonderful.'</p> <p>Amaya: 'But Brazil has beautiful beaches too and it is (relaxing) place.'</p> <p>Simran: 'Relaxing! Oh no! It is (dangerous) place.'</p> <p>Amaya: 'Well, The United States is (bad) Florida is (unsafe) place for tourists.'</p>	
Q.9	<p>Use the word 'present' in sentences of your own according to the given instructions:</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p> <p>(a) [As a noun]</p> <p>.....</p> <p>(b) [As a verb]</p> <p>.....</p>	

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